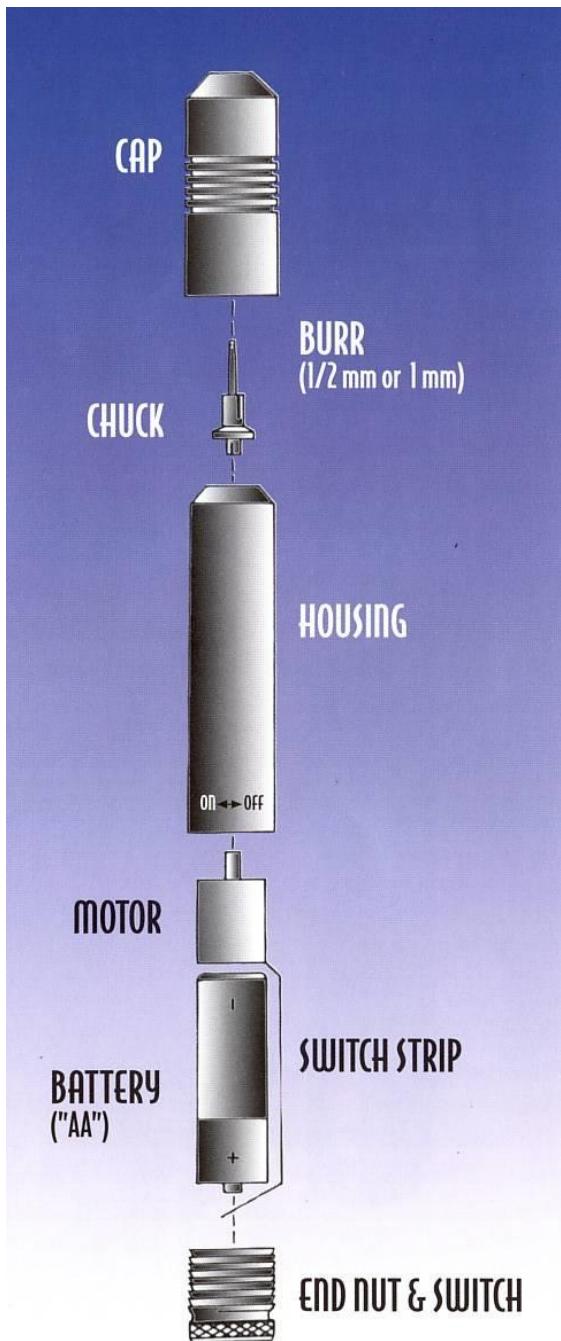
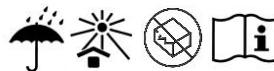
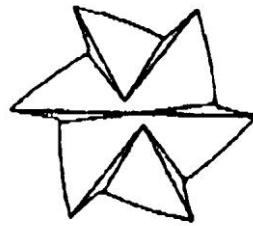


Algerbrush Rust Ring Remover Burrs.



Altomed Sterile Algerbrush Burrs



Algerbrush Rust Ring Remover

During metal working procedures such as welding, sanding or grinding, it is possible that a welding spark / piece of metal can be ejected from the machine into the patient's cornea. If this occurs, it is essential that all traces of the foreign body and resulting rust are removed. The Algerbrush has been specially designed to remove rust spots from a patient's cornea.

Special features of the Algerbrush:

- ✓ Motor will stop rotating if too much pressure is applied
- ✓ The gentle slow rotation rate provide easy control
- ✓ The high quality, cold-chisel-edges of the carbide steel on the Algerbrush Burrs provide a good clean surgical area and help to speed up the healing process.
- ✓ Operates with a normal AA battery and low amperage motor means longer battery life
- ✓ Repairable

REF Product Codes:

Manufactured by The Alger Co. - Reusable

A4955 Algerbrush Rust Ring Remover Machine
A4958 Replacement Chuck

Manufactured by Altomed Ltd¹ - Single Use

A4959 Standard Size Sterile Algerbrush Burrs - Pack of 5
A4960 Standard Size Sterile Algerbrush Burrs - Pack of 25
A4961 Large Size Sterile Algerbrush Burrs - Pack of 5
A4962 Large Size Sterile Algerbrush Burrs - Pack of 25



Actual sizes:
Standard - 0.6mm previously rounded to 0.5mm
Large - 0.8mm previously rounded to 1.0mm



**Altomed are an official distributor
of the Algerbrush Handpiece.**

Any queries please contact Customer Services at:
¹Altomed Limited. 2 Witney Way, Boldon Business Park,
Tyne/Wear, NE35 9PE. England.
Tel: 0191 519 0111 Fax: 0191 519 0283
E-mail: admin@altomed.com

**Altomed also offer a repair service for broken
Algerbrush Rust Ring Removers**

Warnings and User Instructions:



- **ONLY FOR USE ON ALGERBRUSH RUST RING REMOVER MACHINE, ALTOMED REF: A4955.**
- Burrs contain nickel, do not use on patients with known allergic sensitivity to this metal as this may cause hypersensitivity.
- Burrs are delicate devices and must be handled with care. Do not drop or bang against hard surfaces as this may damage the tip.
- The Chuck and Burr are held on by friction, if too much pressure is applied the Burr will stop rotating.
- Point Burr away from body and hands when removing to prevent accidental stabbing injury.

Before Use:

- **IMPORTANT!** Carefully follow the instructions for use supplied with your Algerbrush Machine. If you have lost the instructions for use, please contact Altomed for a replacement. Select either the Standard or Large burr depending upon the size of the rust ring.
- Check the Peel Pouch to make sure it has not been damaged in any way, e.g. check for wet patches, splits and tears etc. If the Peel Pouch is damaged do not use the Burr.
- All Burrs are inspected before supply however it is recommended to inspect the Burr before use to ensure no physical damage has occurred after packing e.g. check for chips, loose metal fragments, staining and any other damage to the tip etc.
- Use hospital approved (PPE) glasses to prevent cross contamination or unwanted debris coming into contact with your, or the patient's eyes. Use approved (PPE) medical gloves at all times when handling the burr.

Clinical Application:

- A new sterile burr should be used for every patient. Only suitably qualified personnel who have been trained on the Algerbrush Machine should use these devices in a low distraction environment. Examination by slit lamp should confirm that the corneal foreign body is superficial with no sign of penetration. If penetration is suspected, appropriate investigation and treatment should be instigated. Advance the drill obliquely to the anaesthetized eye so that the side of the burr works on the cornea until all the rust stain has been removed. If the rust ring does not come off easily, use an antibiotic ointment (if deemed appropriate) and let the epithelium heal over. After three days, the cornea will soften then try again. Advise patient that they will have a new abrasion which may cause soreness, they will need to restart the topical antibiotic. If the injury is in the pupillary aperture, it may produce glare or a slight decrease in vision. Care should be taken with deep centrally placed rust rings in line with the visual axis. In these cases, over-zealous debridement which breaches the sub-epithelial Bowman's layer can lead to permanent scarring and visual loss.

After Use:

1. Follow Algerbrush Machine Instructions for Use supplied with your machine for storing and decontaminating the Handpiece.

To Remove a Burr:

1. Remove the Chuck and Burr from the Housing - Grasp the base of the Chuck with your fingers and pull it away from the Housing. If the Chuck cannot be pulled off by hand, slip a small flat bladed screw driver (or similar) between the Chuck base and the top of the base unit. Very GENTLY twist in order to pry off the Chuck.
2. Remove the Burr - Hold the base of the Chuck and pull the Burr straight out from the lumen.
3. If stuck, use a pair of old Artery Forceps (or similar) and grasping the shaft of the Burr, pull straight out from the lumen.

To Install a Burr:

1. Ensure the old Burr has been removed and the Chuck is separated from the Base Housing.
2. Remove the Sterile Burr from its packing, inspect as described above in Before Use, and push into the longer lumen of the chuck
3. Ensure the Burr is snug in the bottom of the lumen, if necessary use a pair of Artery Forceps or similar (see²).
4. Switch on the machine and then gently push the new Burr and Chuck assembly onto the motor shaft. The shaft will stop rotating when pressure is applied. You should feel some resistance, if not see On-Site Repairs² below.
5. The lip of the Chuck should be close to, but not touching the Housing. Ensure that the Chuck is secure, rotates freely and is on straight, i.e. not out of alignment.

To Dispose of a Burr:

- After use, used Burrs must be disposed of immediately in a Yellow Sharps Bin to avoid the risk of accidental re-use. It is not recommended to reprocess these devices due to their size and delicate nature and the increased risks of cross contamination and physical damage to the device causing patient harm. Reuse may result in decreased cutting efficiency, device failure, patient discomfort, tissue necrosis, cross contamination and infection.

On-site Repairs²

1. If the Burr and/or Chuck are too loose, tighten the Chuck with a small pair of stainless steel pliers as follows:
 - a. If **Burr is loose**: Gently pinch base of Chuck Burr Lumen (see Fig. 1)
 - b. If **Chuck is loose** on the Motor Shaft, gently pinch the other side of the Chuck; the Motor Shaft Lumen (see Fig 2).
2. Return any faulty Algerbrush Machines to Altomed for repair.

Fig. 1



Fig. 2

